

Lorentzian geometry and CR structures

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Motivation

$(\mathcal{M}, [g])$ 4-dim conformal Lorentzian manifold
equipped with shearfree congruence of null geodesics

Inductive totally null complex 2-plane distribution

$(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H}, \underline{J})$ 3-dim CR manifold

Curvature condition on the Weyl tensor W

generator k of congruence: Principal null direction $W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) = 0 \pmod{\kappa \otimes \alpha}$
 $\kappa = g(k, \cdot)$

Historical background

Robinson (1961): Null electromagnetic fields on shearfree congruences

Sachs equations (1961)

Goldberg-Sachs theorem (1962)

Kerr theorem (1963)

} General relativity, exact solutions:
Robinson-Trautman, Kerr, Kerr-Newman,
Plebański-Demiański, etc.

Penrose (1967): Twistor geometry

Robinson & Trautman (1985): Cauchy-Riemann structures in optical geometries

Nurowski (1993) Doctoral thesis: Einstein equations and CR geometry

Hill, Lewandowski, Nurowski (2008): Embeddability of CR structures

Baird & Eastwood (2010): CR geometry and conformal foliations

Fino, Leistner, T-C: G-structures (work in progress)

Almost CR structures

almost CR manifold $(\underline{M}, \underline{H} \subset T\underline{M}, \underline{J} \in \text{End}(\underline{H}))$

$$\dim(\underline{M}) = 2m-1, \quad \text{rk}_{\mathbb{R}}(\underline{H}) = 2m-2, \quad \underline{J} \circ \underline{J} = -\text{Id} \iff \mathbb{C} \otimes \underline{H} = \underline{T}^{1,0} \oplus \overline{\underline{T}^{1,0}},$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \updownarrow \\ \underline{\kappa} \in \Omega^1(\underline{M}) \quad \underline{\kappa}|_{\underline{H}} = 0 \end{array}$$

$$d\underline{\kappa}|_{\underline{H}} \text{ induces Levi-form } \underline{\mathcal{L}}: \underline{H} \times \underline{H} \rightarrow T\underline{M}/\underline{H}$$

- CR manifold: $T^{1,0}$ involutive ($m=2 \Rightarrow$ vacuous)
- contact almost CR: $\underline{\kappa} \wedge (d\underline{\kappa})^{m-1} \neq 0$
- subconformal contact almost CR: $\underline{\kappa} \wedge (d\underline{\kappa})^{m-1} \neq 0$ and $\underline{\mathcal{L}} \circ \underline{J}$ symmetric (conformal structure on \underline{H})

Congruence of null geodesics

$(M, [g])$ n-dim conformal Lorentzian mfd

null line distribution $K \subset T M, [g]|_K = 0 \Rightarrow K \subset K^\perp$

Screen bundle $K^\perp/K =: H$, rank $n-2$, conformal Riemannian structure $[g|_H]$

(Local) congruence of null curves = flow of non-vanishing $k \in \Gamma(K)$

1-forms: $[x] = [g](k, \cdot) \in \text{Ann}(K^\perp)$

k geodesic $\iff \mathcal{L}_k[x] = 0 \implies \mathcal{L}_k[dx] = 0$

Proposition: The screen bundle $H = K^\perp/K$ of a null geodesic congruence on $(M, [g])$ descends to a distribution \underline{H} of corank 1 on its leaf space \underline{M}

From congruences of null geodesics to almost CR structures

Aim: Given null geodesic congruence $K \subset T\mathcal{M}$ where $n = \dim \mathcal{M} = 2m$
 Produce an almost CR structure on leaf space $(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H})$

Idea: Use an almost Hermitian structure \mathcal{J} on $K^\perp/K = H$

Fact: $\dim \mathcal{M} = 2m$

$\dim \mathcal{M} = 2m$	4	6	8	10
$O(2m-2)/U(m-1)$	point	$\mathbb{C}P^1 \times \mathbb{C}P^1$	$\mathbb{C}P^3$	$\mathbb{Q}^6 \times \mathbb{Q}^6 \subset \mathbb{C}P^7 \times \mathbb{C}P^7$

space of all Hermitian structures on H_x

$$\dim_{\mathbb{R}} = (m-1)(m-2)$$

$m \rightarrow \begin{cases} n=4, \text{ unique } \mathcal{J} \\ n>4, \text{ no single } \mathcal{J} \text{ in general.} \end{cases}$

Almost Robinson structures

$(\mathcal{M}, [g])$ 2n-dim conformal Lorentzian manifold

Almost Robinson structure on (\mathcal{M}, g) [Nurawski-Trautman, 2002]

$$N \subset T^c \mathcal{M}, \quad g^c|_N = 0, \quad \text{rk}_c N = m,$$

$$N \cap \bar{N} = K^c, \quad N + \bar{N} = (K^c)^\perp$$

Prop $N \iff (K, J \in \text{End}(K^\perp/K) \text{ almost Hermitian})$

$$0 \rightarrow K^c \rightarrow N \rightarrow T^{1,0} \rightarrow 0$$

$$T^{1,0} \subset (K^\perp/K)^c$$

Differential conditions:

$$[\Gamma(K), \Gamma(N)] \subset \Gamma(N)$$

\iff

K geodesic and $(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H}, \underline{J})$ almost CR

$$[\Gamma(N), \Gamma(N)] \subset \Gamma(N)$$

\iff

$(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H}, \underline{J})$ CR manifold

Optical invariants of congruences of null geodesics

$(\mathcal{M}, [g])$ n -dim conformal Lorentzian mfd w/ congruence of null geodesics.

Two invariants:

- Twist $\tau := dx|_H$

$\rightsquigarrow \tau \in \Lambda^2 H^*$

- Shear $\sigma := \mathcal{L}_k [g_H]$

$\rightsquigarrow \sigma \in \mathcal{O}_0^2 H^*$

k geodesic, i.e. $\mathcal{L}_k [x] = 0 \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_k [dx] = 0 \Rightarrow \tau \in \Lambda^2 \underline{H}^*$

Twist depends to $(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H})$

Example: $n = 2m$, $\text{rank } \underline{H} = 2m - 1$

$x \wedge (dx)^{m-1} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \underline{x} \wedge (d\underline{x})^{m-1} \neq 0 \Rightarrow (\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H})$ contact structure

Shearfree congruence of null geodesics

$$K \text{ shearfree geodesic} \iff \mathcal{L}_k [g_H] = 0$$

- conformal structure

$$[g_H] \text{ on } H = K^\perp / K \longrightarrow \mathcal{M}_0 \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad [g_{\underline{H}}] \text{ on } \underline{H} \longrightarrow \underline{\mathcal{M}}_0$$

- Twist endomorphism

$$F := g_H^{-1} \circ \tau \in \text{End}(H) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \underline{F} \in \text{End}(\underline{H})$$

- Example: $n = 2m$

$$\underline{\kappa} \wedge \underline{\tau}^{m-1} \neq 0 \implies (\underline{\mathcal{M}}_0, \underline{H}, \underline{T}\underline{\mathcal{M}}_0 = [\underline{H}, \underline{H}], [g_{\underline{H}}]) \text{ Contact subconformal}$$

Special case $n=4$

Orientation on H : $\varepsilon \in \Lambda^2 H^*$ \implies Orientation on \underline{H} : $\underline{\varepsilon} \in \Lambda^2 \underline{H}^*$

k shearfree geodesic \implies Complex structure $\underline{J} = \underline{g}^{-1} \circ \underline{\varepsilon}$ on \underline{H}

Proposition [Robinson, Trautman, Penrose, Hill, Nurowski, ...]

Null geodesic congruence is shearfree

\iff leaf space is CR 3-manifold

Twisting $\implies 0 \neq \underline{\tau} \propto \underline{\varepsilon}$ non-degenerate CR structure
(contact subconformal)

Twistfree $\implies 0 = \underline{\tau}$ degenerate CR structure

Integrability condition: $W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) = 0 \pmod{\kappa \circ \alpha}$

Integrability condition ($n \geq 4$)

Proposition

$(M, [g])$ n -dim conf. Lorentzian mfd.

Let k be the generator of a shearfree congruence of null geodesics with twist τ .

Then the Weyl tensor W satisfies

$$W_{k, \cdot} (k) + \tau \circ \tau + \frac{1}{n-2} \|\tau\|^2 \delta_H = 0 \quad \text{mod } \alpha \otimes \nu + \alpha \otimes k$$

$$\left(\text{Here } \tau \circ \tau \sim \tau^i_k \tau^k_j \right)$$

Cf: Ortoggio-Pravda-Pravdeva (2007)

Consequences

$$\tau \circ \tau + \frac{1}{n-2} \|\tau\|^2 \delta_H = 0 \text{ (*)} \iff W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) = 0 \text{ mod } \kappa \circ \alpha$$

$$(*) \implies \begin{cases} n \text{ odd} \implies \tau = 0 \\ n \text{ even and } \tau \neq 0 \implies \mathcal{J} \circ \mathcal{J} = -\delta_H \text{ where } \mathcal{J} \propto g^{-1} \circ \tau \end{cases} \quad \text{OPP (2007)}$$

Twist defines an almost Hermitian structure

Theorem

Let $(M, [g])$ be $2m$ -dim conformal Lorentzian mfd
admitting twisting shearfree null geodesic congruence k

Then the twist defines a subconformal contact almost CR manifold
on the leaf space $(\underline{M}, \underline{H})$

$$\iff W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) = 0 \text{ mod } \kappa \circ \alpha$$

Examples

- k null conformal Killing field, i.e. $\mathcal{L}_k[g] = 0 \implies$ shearfree geodesic

$$\kappa = g(k, \cdot), \quad \tau = d\kappa, \quad \Psi = \square \kappa + \dots$$

$$\text{Prolongation} \rightsquigarrow W(k, \cdot, \cdot, k) = \tau \circ \tau + \Psi(k)g - 2\kappa \odot \Psi$$

- Feferman conformal structures

$$(\underline{\mathcal{M}}, \underline{H}, [g|_{\underline{H}}])$$

$$\rightsquigarrow S^1\text{-bundle}(\mathcal{M}, [g]) + \text{null cvf } k$$

- sub-conformal contact structure $\rightsquigarrow \tau$ "generic" $W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) \neq 0$
- subconformal contact almost CR structure $\rightsquigarrow \tau \sim \mathcal{J}$ $W(k, \cdot, k, \cdot) = 0$
- subconformal contact CR structure $\rightsquigarrow \tau \sim \mathcal{J}$ integrable $W(k, \cdot, \cdot, \cdot) = 0$

Thank you
for
your attention!